

IV	Observe the picture given below and answer the following questions: -
20	 a) Identify the person in the above picture. Xuanzang. b) From where did he come to India? China. c)How did he spend his time in India? He met scholars and collected Buddhist texts during his stay in India. c)How many years did he spend in India? He had spent seventeen years in India. d)What did he do with the manuscripts, he carried with him? He had translated the manuscripts from Sanskrit to Chinese.
V	Answer in one or two sentences:-
21	Which emperor has used the name Jambudvipa to describe the Indian Subcontinent? The famous Mauryan emperor Ashoka has used the name Jambudvipa in one of his inscriptions to describe the whole of India.
22	Name any three regions mentioned in the Mahabharata. Kashmira, Vanga and Kaccha were three regions mentioned in the Mahabharata.
23	Name the seven rivers of Sapta Sindhu. Indus, Saraswati, Chenab, Jhelum, Ravi, Sutlej, and Beas.
24	What is 'Rig Veda'? The Rig Veda is India's oldest religious text written several thousand years ago.
25	What names did the Chinese use to refer to India? The Chinese have referred to India as 'Yintu' or 'Yindu'.
VI.	Answer in brief:-
26	How did 'Jambudvipa' come to mean the Indian Subcontinent? • The jamun itree is a common tree to be found throughout the Indian Subcontinent. • The term Jambudvipa is used by Ashoka to represent his empire in the 3rd century BCE and then repeated in many subsequent inscriptions reinforcing the concept of the Indian Subcontinent being referred to as Jambudvipa.
27	What is the meaning of the word 'Tianzhu'? From which Indian word has it derived? What does this word signify? ➤ The word Tianzhu' means 'heavenly master'. ➤ It has been derived from the word 'Sindhu'. ➤ It signifies the respect the ancient Chinese had for India.
28	Explain the significance of the term, 'Bharata'in ancient Indian texts. ➤ The term 'Bharata' refers to the country of the Bharatas,a main Vedic group mentioned in the Rig Veda. ➤ It came to denote the entire subcontinent and remains in use today.

VII Read the given passage and answer the following:-

‘Jambudvīpa’, means ‘the island of the fruit of the jamun tree’. This is indeed a common tree native to India, also called ‘jambul tree’, ‘Malabar plum tree’, etc. ‘Jambudvīpa’ came to mean the Indian Subcontinent. A few centuries later, ‘Bhārata’ became the name generally used for the Indian Subcontinent. This name, ‘Bhārata’ remains in use even today. In north India, it is generally written as ‘Bharat’, while in south India, it is often ‘Bharatam’.

a. What does ‘Jambudvīpa’ mean?

‘Jambudvīpa’ means ‘the island of the fruit of the jamun tree’.

b. What are the other names of Jamun tree?

‘Jambul tree’, ‘Malabar plum tree’, etc..

c. What was the name used for the Indian Subcontinent?

Bharat.